

## ELECRAFT® K3S

## HIGH-PERFORMANCE

## 160 – 6 METER TRANSCEIVER

# KBPF3A GENERAL COVERAGE RECEIVE OPTION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

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E740265

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A Elecraft manuals with color images may be downloaded from <a href="https://www.elecraft.com">www.elecraft.com</a>.

## Introduction

This manual covers the installation of the KBPF3A General Coverage Receive option in your K3s or K3 transceiver.

The KBPF3A provides the proper input filters to optimize receiver sensitivity outside of the Ham bands from 100 KHz to 30 MHz and from 48 MHz through 54 MHz. Both the main receiver and the optional KRX3A sub receiver may be equipped with the KBPF3A.

A If you are adding the KBPF3A to an older K3 transceiver, it must be equipped with the KSYN3A synthesizer to tune below 500 kHz. The KSYN3A synthesizer is standard on the K3s and newer K3 transceivers. Refer to the KSYN3A Installation manual on the Elecraft web site to determine whether your K3 is equipped with the KSYN3A synthesizer.

The KBPF3A consists of a single circuit board supported by two threaded standoffs. It plugs into the K3s or K3 RF board that covers the bottom of the chassis enclosure, or the KRX3A Subreceiver board inside the shielded enclosure. The attachment points for the KBPF3A and KBPF3 are identical, so no change is needed if you are upgrading from the KBPF3 to the KBPF3A. The K3s and later K3 transceivers are already equipped with the necessary standoffs in both the KRX3A sub receiver and the main receiver. For those with an older K3 that does not have the necessary standoffs pre-installed, a pair of standoffs and all the necessary hardware is included in this kit, along with full instructions for installing them.

In any case, only a few simple hand tools are needed and the installation does not involve any soldering. The tools required are listed on page 5.

## **Customer Service and Support**

#### Technical Assistance

You can send e-mail to k3support@elecraft.com and we will respond quickly - typically the same day Monday through Friday. Telephone assistance is available from 9 A.M. to 5 P.M. Pacific time (weekdays only) at 831-662-8345. Please use e-mail rather than calling when possible since this gives us a written record of the details of your problem and allows us to handle a larger number of requests each day.

**Repair / Alignment Service** (We want to make sure everyone succeeds!)

If necessary, you may return your Elecraft product to us for repair or alignment. (Note: We offer unlimited email and phone support to get your kit running, so please try that route first as we can usually help you find the problem quickly.)

IMPORTANT: You must contact Elecraft before mailing your product to obtain authorization for the return, what address to ship it to and current information on repair fees and turn around times. (Frequently we can determine the cause of your problem and save you the trouble of shipping it back to us.) Our repair location is different from our factory location in Aptos. We will give you the address to ship your kit to at the time of repair authorization. Packages shipped to Aptos without authorization will incur an additional shipping charge for reshipment from Aptos to our repair depot.

## **Elecraft's 1-Year Limited Warranty**

This warranty is effective as of the date of first consumer purchase (or if shipped from factory, date product is shipped to customer). It covers both our kits and fully assembled products. For kits, before requesting warranty service, you should fully complete the assembly, carefully following all instructions in the manual.

Who is covered: This warranty covers the original owner of the Elecraft product as disclosed to Elecraft at the time of order. Elecraft products transferred by the purchaser to a third party, either by sale, gift or other method, who is not disclosed to Elecraft at the time of original order, are not covered by this warranty. If the Elecraft product is being bought indirectly for a third party, the third party's name and address must be provided to Elecraft at time of order to insure warranty coverage.

What is covered: During the first year after date of purchase, Elecraft will replace defective or missing parts free of charge (post-paid). We will also correct any malfunction to kits or assembled units caused by defective parts and materials. Purchaser pays inbound shipping to Elecraft for warranty repair, Elecraft will pay shipping to return the repaired equipment to you by UPS ground service or equivalent to the continental USA and Canada. Alaska, Hawaii and outside U.S. and Canada actual return shipping cost paid by owner.

What is not covered: This warranty does not cover correction of kit assembly errors. It also does not cover misalignment; repair of damage caused by misuse, negligence, or builder modifications; or any performance malfunctions involving non-Elecraft accessory equipment. The use of acid-core solder, water-soluble flux solder, or any corrosive or conductive flux or solvent will void this warranty in its entirety. Also not covered is reimbursement for loss of use, inconvenience, customer assembly or alignment time, or cost of unauthorized service.

**Limitation of incidental or consequential damages:** This warranty does not extend to non-Elecraft equipment or components used in conjunction with our products. Any such repair or replacement is the responsibility of the customer. Elecraft will not be liable for any special, indirect, incidental or consequential damages, including but not limited to any loss of business or profits.

## Preventing Electrostatic Discharge Damage

Sensitive components may be damaged by Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) simply by touching them or a circuit board containing them unless you take specific steps to prevent such damage. Damage may occur with static discharges far too little for you to notice.

A damaged component may not fail completely at first. Instead, the damage may result in below-normal performance for an extended period of time before you experience a total failure.

Parts which are especially ESD-sensitive are identified in the parts list and in the assembly procedures.

We strongly recommend you take the following anti-static precautions (listed in order of importance) to ensure there is no voltage difference between the components and any object that touches them:

- Leave ESD-sensitive parts in their anti-static packaging until you install them. The packaging may be a special plastic bag that allow static charges to flow harmlessly over their surface, or a component's leads may be inserted in conductive foam that keep them at the same potential.
- Wear a conductive wrist strap with a series 1-megohm resistor that will constantly drain off any static charge that accumulates on your body. If you do not have a wrist strap, touch a ground briefly before touching any sensitive parts to discharge your body. Do this frequently while you are working. You can collect a destructive static charge on your body just sitting at the work bench.

## **A** WARNING

DO NOT attach a ground directly to yourself without a current-limiting resistor as this poses a serious shock hazard. A wrist strap must include a 1-megohm resistor to limit the current flow. If you choose to touch an unpainted, metal ground to discharge yourself, do it only when you are not touching live circuits with any part of your body.

- Use a grounded anti-static mat on your work bench (see below).
- If you pick up a pc board that was not placed on an anti-static mat or in an anti-static package, touch first a ground plane connection on the board such as a connector shell or mounting point.
- If you use a soldering iron to work on a circuit board, be sure your iron has an ESD-safe grounded tip tied to the same common ground used by your mat and wrist strap.

## **Choosing an Anti-Static Mat**

An anti-static mat must bleed off any charge that comes in contact with it at a rate slow enough to avoid a shock or short circuit hazard but fast enough to ensure dangerous charges cannot accumulate. Typically, a mat will have a resistance of up to 1 Gigaohm (10<sup>9</sup> ohms). Testing a mat requires specialized equipment, so we recommend that you choose an anti-static mat that comes with published resistance specifications and clean it as recommended by the manufacturer. Testing has shown that many inexpensive mats that do not specify their resistance have resistance values much too high to provide adequate protection, even after they were cleaned and treated with special anti-static mat solutions.

Suitable anti-static table mats are available from many sources including:

- U-line (Model 12743 specified at 10<sup>7</sup> ohms)
- Desco (Model 66164, specified at 10<sup>6</sup> to 10<sup>8</sup> ohms)
- 3M<sup>TM</sup> Portable Service Kit (Model 8505 or 8507, specified at 10<sup>6</sup> to 10<sup>9</sup> ohms)

## Preparing for Installation

## **Tools Required**

- 1. #0 and #1 size Phillips screwdrivers. To avoid damaging screws and nuts, a power screwdriver is *not* recommended. Use the screwdriver that best fits the screw in each step.
- 2. Small needle-nose pliers or tweezers to position small parts.
- 3. Soft cloth or clean, soft static dissipating pad to lay cabinet panels on to avoid scratching.

The following tools are strongly recommended:

- 1. ESD wrist strap.
- 2. Static dissipating work pad.

## **Parts Included**

The following parts should be included in your kit. Check to ensure you have them all. If any parts are damaged or missing, contact Elecraft for replacements (see *Customer Service and Support*, page 3).

ILLUSTRATION	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	ELECRAFT PART NO.
	KBPF3A Printed Circuit Board  • ESD Sensitive. Follow ESD safe handling procedures. Keep in ESD-safe bag until installed.	1	E850269
	Standoff, 4-40, 1/2" (13 mm)	2	E700061
Same and the same	Screw, 4-40, 1/4" (6.4 mm)	4	E700005
O	Lock Washer, #4 split	6	E700004

## **Installation Procedure**

As you install components and reassemble your K3s or K3, be sure all the screws are in place and secure, but do not over tighten them. Failure to tighten all screws may result in poor shielding of sensitive components, resulting in possible noise or birdies in the receiver as well as other difficult-to-trace problems.

## Removing the Top Cover and Chassis Stiffener

☐ Disconnect power and all cables from your K3s/K3	
Remove the nine screws to free the top cover as shoreach the speaker wire connector. Unplug the speaker th	
Whenever you remove screws from a pan without damaging it, first loosen the other scr binds in its hole when the other screws are tig	ews then try again. Sometimes one screw

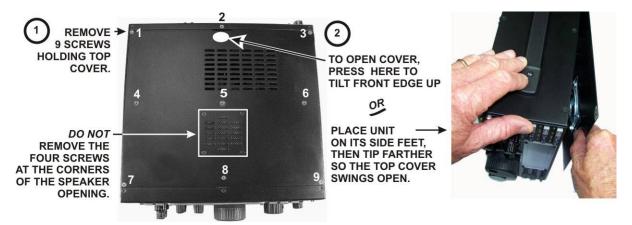


Figure 1. Removing K3S/K3 Top Cover.

**A** CAUTION: Touch an unpainted metal ground or wear a grounded wrist strap before touching components or circuit boards inside the K3s/K3. See *Preventing Electrostatic Discharge Damage* on page 4 for more information.

Remove the stiffener bar that runs from side to side across the top of the chassis. This is the bar the three screws across the center of the top cover thread into. The bar is held in place by a single screw at each side and, if the KPA3A 100 watt option is installed, by two screws attaching it to the KPA3A shield. KPA3A and some older KPA3 shields have PEM nuts permanently attached to the shield for the screws. Others use ordinary nuts that must be removed with the screws and lock washers.

## Removing the K144XV 2-Meter Module

If you do not have the K144XV 2-meter option installed, skip this section and go to *Removing the KRX3 or KRX3A Sub Receiver Module* on page 8.

The K144XV module is mounted on the left side panel of the K3. Remove the five screws shown in Figure 2 and lift the top cover off of the module. Note: Some units may have a sixth screw in the hole near the Elecraft name on the top cover that must be removed.

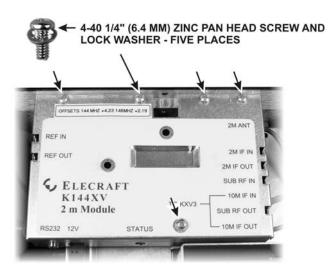


Figure 2. Removing the K144XV 2 Meter Module.

Unplug the coaxial cables and the power connector attached to the K144XV module. Pull on the metal part of the TMP coaxial connectors (see Figure 4). Do not pull on the cables.

Remove the three 6-32 screws that secure the K144XV module to the side panel. Hold the module to keep it from falling if the KRX3 sub receiver is not installed. Lift the module out, set the top cover on it to protect it, and set it aside in a safe place.

## Removing the KRX3 or KRX3A Sub Receiver Module

If your K3s or K3 is equipped with the optional KRX3 or KRX3A sub receiver, you must remove the sub receiver module to install the KBPF3A in either the main receiver or the sub receiver. The sub receiver module is the "L" shaped metal enclosure (see Figure 3). Remove the sub receiver module as follows:

Remove the two 1-1/2" (38 mm) screws and lock washers shown in Figure 3. These screws extend all the way through the KRX3 module and secure it to standoffs mounted on the main RF board that fills the bottom of the K3s/K3.

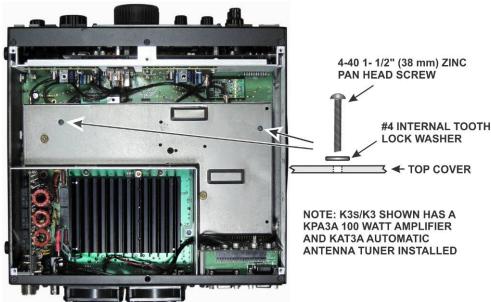


Figure 3. Removing the KRX3 or KRX3A Module.

In the following steps you will handle small TMP coaxial connectors. These are friction-fit connectors shown in Figure 4. Handle the connectors by the grips as shown. *Do not pull on the coaxial cable.* 

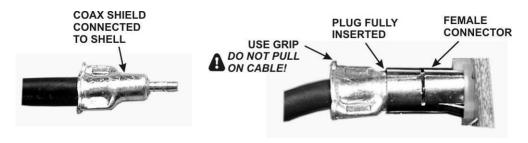


Figure 4. TMP Coaxial Connectors.

Hold the KRX3 or KRX3Asubreceiver module by the two brass knurled nuts on the top, and lift it straight up to gain access to the small TMP coaxial connectors plugged into the sub receiver module. There are two along the front. There may be one at the back as well, depending upon the options installed. As you lift the sub

receiver module, it will unplug from two small interface circuit boards. One is at the front and the other is at the rear. These small boards may come out with the module or they may remain attached to the main RF board.

Unplug the TMP coaxial cables leading to the sub receiver module, then lift the module free and set it aside.

Locate the two small interface circuit boards that fit between the connectors on the KRX3 module and the connectors on the RF board. Remove them and put them in a safe place.

#### **Installing the KBPF3A in the Sub Receiver**

If you are *not* installing a KBPF3A in the sub receiver, go directly to *Installing the KBPF3A* in the Main *Receiver* on page 12.

Unscrew the two knurled nuts shown in Figure 5 and lift the top half of the enclosure off. There are two unthreaded sleeves over the long screws above the circuit board that will slide off easily (see Figure 6). Be sure you don't lose them.

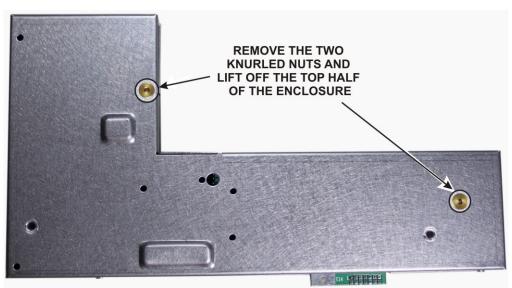


Figure 5. Removing the Top of the Sub Receiver Enclosure.

Check to see if the standoffs are already mounted on the sub receiver at the locations shown in Figure 6. if so, go directly to *Installing the KBPF3A on the Sub Receiver* Board on page 11 Otherwise continue with *Installing Standoffs on the Sub Receiver* Board below.

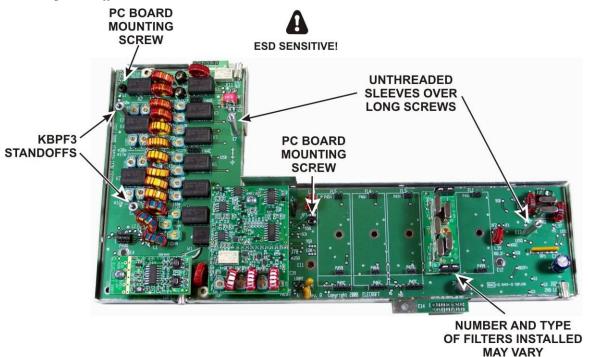


Figure 6. Sub Receiver PC Board

Remove the two unthreaded sleeves over the long screws shown in Figure 6, then remove the two PC board

#### Installing Standoffs on the Sub Receiver Board

mounting screws. Each screw has a split lock washer under it.

Lift the pc board with the two pony boards and filters attached out of the bottom half of the enclosure. The board fits snugly in the bottom of the enclosure with small bumps along the edges of the board resting in small holes along the sides of the enclosure. Lift the board straight up and off of the long screws.

Install the 1/2" (13 mm) standoffs at locations E1 and E3 on the sub receiver pc board (see Figure 6). Use the hardware exactly as shown in Figure 7. The lock washer between the standoff and the pc board is very important to establish the correct height above the board.



Figure 7. Installing the Standoffs.

Place the sub receiver main circuit board in the bottom shield so that the 1-1/2" screws extend through holes E7 and E13 on the board. Press the main circuit board down against the standoffs. The board will "snap" into position in the enclosure as the small bumps along the edges of the board slip into the holes in the sides of the shield. When properly positioned, the board will be against the standoffs in the bottom of the enclosure under holes E1 and E10 (the label for E10 may be partially covered by a jumper wire on the board).

Secure the sub receiver main circuit board to the standoffs at E1 and E10 with 4-40 3/16" (4.8 mm) black pan head screws and #4 split lock washers you removed earlier (see Figure 8).

4-40 3/16" (4.8 mm) ZINC PAN HEAD SCREW

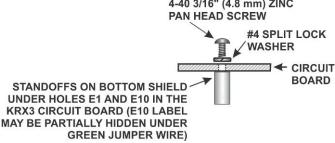


Figure 8. Mounting the Main Sub Receiver Board on Bottom Shield.

#### Installing the KBPF3A on the Sub Receiver Board

Install the KBPF3A, making sure the three connectors on the bottom of the board mate with P44A, P44C and P44E on the sub receiver board. The screw holes will line up with the standoffs when the board is positioned correctly (see Figure 6). Secure the KBPF3A board with two 4-40 1/4" (6.4 mm) pan head screws and #4 split lock washers as shown.

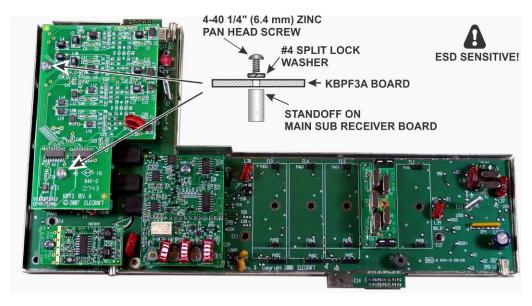


Figure 9. Mounting KPBF3A on the Sub Receiver Board.

If you removed them, place the 7/8" (22 mm) unthreaded sleeves over the long screws so they rest against the top of the circuit board (see Figure 6).
Place the top shield over the assembly and adjust its position so the edge of the top fits inside the bottom and rests against the sub receiver main board on all sides. The long screws will pass through holes in the top cover.
Secure the top with the knurled nuts, tightened only enough to hold the cover in place so it isn't loose.
If you are installing another KBPF3A in the main receiver, go to <i>Installing the KBPF3A in the Main Receiver</i>

## below. Otherwise, go to *Reassembly* on page 15 to finish the installation.

#### Installing the Standoffs on the RF Board

Installing the KBPF3A in the Main Receiver

Check the RF board that covers the bottom of the chassis area to see if the standoffs shown in Figure 10 are installed. (Note that the stiffening bar across the top of the chassis has been removed to show the standoffs more clearly.) Do the following steps only if the standoffs are not already installed as shown. If the standoffs are already in place, go directly to *Installing the KBPF3A* on page 14.

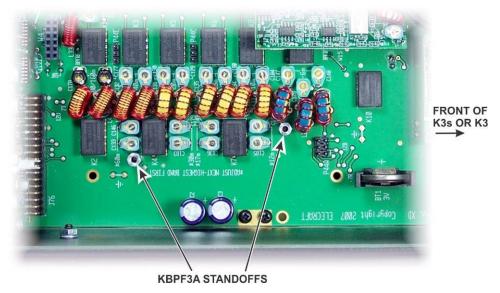


Figure 10. KBPF3A Standoff Locations.

Remove both bottom covers from the K3Sor K3 by removing the screws shown in Figure 11.



REMOVE ALL THE SCREWS INDICATED AND LIFT THE BOTTOM COVERS OFF.

#### NOTE:

THE SCREWS INDICATED ARE 1/4" (6.4 mm) LONG AND HAVE INTERNAL TOOTH LOCK WASHERS UNDER THE SCREW HEADS.

ON THE K3S THERE ARE TWO INSTEAD OF THREE LONGER SCREWS.

ALL THE OTHER SCREWS ARE 3/16" (4.8 mm) LONG AND HAVE NO LOCK WASHERS.

Figure 11. Removing K3s/ K3 Bottom Cover.

Install two 1/2" (13 mm) standoffs on the RF board as shown Figure 12.Use the hardware exactly as shown. The lock washer between the standoff and the pc board is very important to establish the correct height above the board.

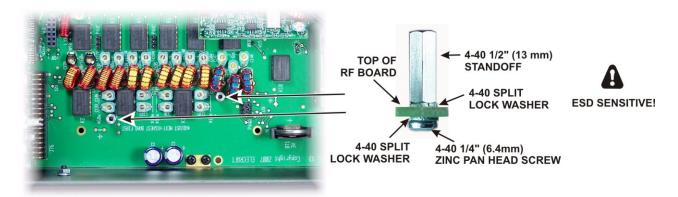


Figure 12. Installing KBFP3A Standoffs.

Replace both bottom covers using the 4-40 black pan head screws you removed earlier. Note that three locations take the 4-40 1/4" (6.4 mm) black pan head screws with lock washers as shown in Figure 11 while the remainder are 4-40 3/16" (4.8 mm) screws. Be sure these are in the correct locations!

## **A** CAUTION!

Failure to replace the 1/4" (6.4 mm) bottom screws with their lock washers in the locations shown in Figure 11 may destroy power transistors in your K3s/K3.

#### Installing the KBPF3A Board on the RF Board

There are three connectors on the bottom of the KBPF3A board that must be properly mated to P44A, P44C and P44E on the RF board (see Figure 13). Even though the connectors may be hard to see as they are mated, especially if the amplifier shield is installed, they can be aligned as follows:

Set the KBPF3A board in place over the standoffs, aligning it so the holes in the board are aligned with the screw holes in the tops of the standoffs. This will align the connectors.

Press down on the board to mate the while checking to ensure that the holes in the board are aligned with the holes in the standoffs. *Note that simply installing the mounting screws will not ensure the 3-pin connectors are fully mated.* When properly mounted the board should rest on top of the standoffs and be parallel with the RF board underneath.

Attach the board with a 4-40 1/4" (6.4 mm) zinc pan head screw and lock washer at each standoff as shown in Figure 13.

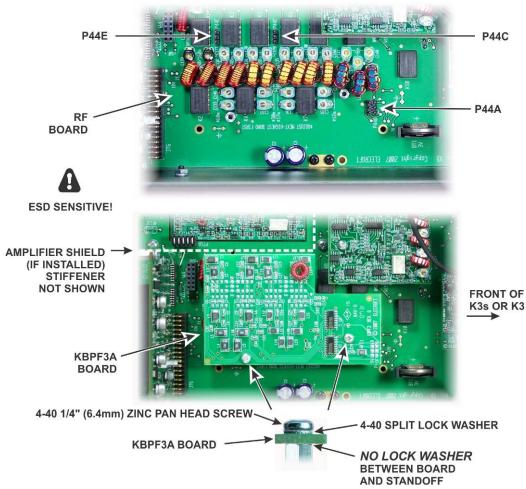


Figure 13. Mounting the KPBF3 Board.

## Reassembly

Lif your K3s/K3 is equipped with the sub receiver, turn to your *KRX3A Sub Receiver Installation and Operation* manual, *Installing the KRX3A Sub Receiver Module* section to replace the KRX3A module. Be especially careful to do the following as described in that procedure:

- If you have a K3 (not a K3S), be sure the cover on battery BT1 on the RF board is in place. The cover is essential to avoid shorting the battery. The outer rim of the battery is the positive terminal, and may come in contact with the grounded bottom of the sub receiver enclosure if the cover is not in place. The K3S battery lies flat on the board and needs no protective cover.
- Be sure all the TMP cables are properly connected or your K3s or K3 will not operate properly.

## A REPLACE ALL THE SCREWS!

The chassis has excellent rigidity despite its light weight. The screws that hold the top cover in place are an important part of the structural design. Be sure to replace all the screws and verify they are tight whenever you replace the cover or other panels

If your K3 is equipped with the K144XV option and you removed the K144XV module earlier, replace it now. Refer to your K144XV manual for instructions for reconnecting the power and coaxial cables and replacing the module cover. If you find more cables than shown in the K144XV manual, your unit has the K144 Reference Oscillator Phase Lock option installed. Refer to that manual to connect the remaining cables.

If you removed the chassis stiffener replace it as shown in Figure 14. Some stiffener bars do not have permanently-attached PEM nuts for the screws attaching them to the amplifier shield. If not, you found 4-40 nuts when the bar was removed. Place the lock washers under the nuts instead of under the screw heads.

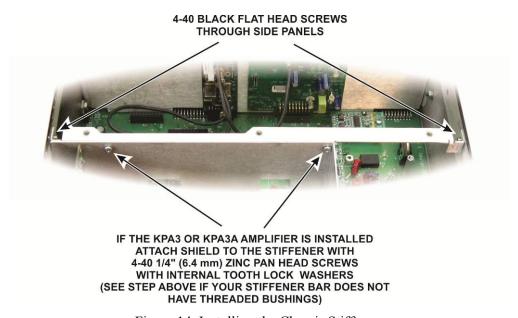


Figure 14. Installing the Chassis Stiffener.

Hold the top cover above the K3s/K3, route the speaker wire under the stiffener bar and plug it into P25 on the KIO3 or KIO3B board at the left rear of the chassis as shown in Figure 15.

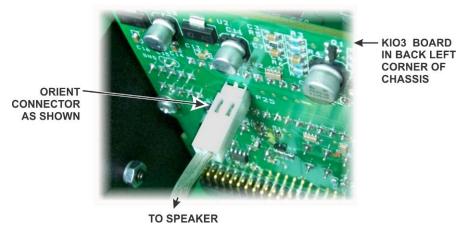


Figure 15. Connecting Speaker Cable.

Position the top cover on the K3s/ K3. Note that the tab on the back center goes under the rear lip of the rear panel. Secure the top cover with the nine 4-40 3/16" (4.8 mm) black flat head screws you removed earlier.

#### **Enable the KBPF3A Module**

Enable the KBPF3A for either the main or sub receiver using the CONFIG menu as described in the Owner's Manual. *The KBPF3A will not operate until this is done!* 

This completes the installation of the KBPF3A module(s) in your K3s or K3 transceiver.